

LO: To be able to use Emotive Language





Jot down words that:

1. Create sympathy for the dog
2. Create anger at its treatment

Emotive words

These are used to make us feel something.
It could be:

- Pity / sympathy – “That poor boy!”
- Anger – “That’s awful!”
- Hope – “We might win!”



Re-cap:

- Write the definition in your book and give an example for:
- Noun:
- Verb:
- Adverb:
- Adjective:

Being Emotive...

The easiest way to be emotive is to add **adjectives** to describe a noun, or **adverbs** to describe a verb:

- The **dog** had been **left** by its **owners**
- The **innocent** **dog** had been **left** **cruelly** by its **neglectful** **owners**.

- Can you think of some alternatives for the adjectives **innocent** and **neglectful** and the adverb **cruelly**?



Or....

- A more subtle way to be **emotive** is to choose nouns or verbs that will influence the reader.
- The **dog** had been **left** by its owners.
- The **puppy** had been **abandoned** by its owners.



Could you try either of the techniques above to add **emotive words** to the following passage?

Will you give £2 a month to help an animal?

Take the example of Smitty. He's a young dog, only 6 months old. He was found tied up in the garden, waiting for his owners to return. He had been waiting for two weeks. His owners had left him, with no food, and no water, while they went on holiday. When we took him in, Smitty was too weak to stand. This kind of treatment happens to too many animals.

£2 a month allows us to look after dogs like Smitty, to give them food, water and love. Will you help us to look after these creatures?



■ Think of emotive synonyms for these common words:

■ Cruel

■ Wrong

■ Sad

Plenary

- Write three sentences about Rhodopis and her story using emotive language.